



## Study Programme Description

| Title of the study programme | National code |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Software Engineering         | 612I30001     |

| Official name of the awarding institution  | Language(s) of instruction |
|--|----------------------------|
| Vilnius University, Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics, Department of Software Engineering | Lithuanian                 |

| Kind of study      | Cycle of studies      | Level of qualification according to LQF (LKS) |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| University studies | 1 <sup>st</sup> cycle | VI  |

| Mode of study and length of the programme in years) | Length of the degree programme in ECTS credits | Total student's workload in hours | Contact hours | Self-study hours |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Full-time, 4 years                                  | 240  | 6400                              | 2717          | 3683             |

| Study area        | Major study field (branch) of the programme | Minor study field (branch) of the programme (if applicable) |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Physical Sciences | Software Engineering                        | -   |

| Degree and/or qualification awarded |
|-------------------------------------|
| Bachelor of Software Engineering    |

| Head of the study programme       | Contact information of the head of the programme  |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| assoc. prof. dr. Saulius Ragaišis | Vilnius University, Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics, Department of Software Engineering, Didlaukio St. 47, Vilnius, Lithuania<br>e-mail: saulius.ragaišis@mif.vu.lt; tel. +370 5 219 50 40 |

| Accreditation organization                        | The Programme accredited until |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Center for Quality Assessment in Higher Education | 31-12-2014                     |

| Purpose of the programme   |
|--|
| The objective of the programme is preparation of highly qualified IT specialists that match the needs of the economy of Lithuania, are capable to export software products and services, and could successfully compete for IT workplaces in the European Union and other foreign countries. |

| Degree profile characteristics  |                                       |   |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Content of the study programme: groups of modules   | General/specialist focus, orientation | Distinctive features of the study programme   |
| Modules of Study Field (165 credits) can be distributed into the following groups: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mathematics: 15 credits.</li> <li>• Discrete Mathematics: 10 credits.</li> <li>• Computing Fundamentals: 40 credits.</li> <li>• Software Engineering: 60 credits.</li> <li>• English Language: 10 credits.</li> </ul> | Academic – applied.                   | Study programme combines the theoretical knowledge with its practical application, focuses on teamwork and task execution on time. Professors – researchers, experts in their fields with extensive experience in software systems development for Lithuanian and |

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Professional practice: 15 credits.</li> <li>• Bachelor Thesis: 15 credits.</li> </ul> <p>Modules of General University Studies: 15 credits.</p> <p>Other modules (60 credits)<sup>1</sup> can be distributed into the following groups:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compulsory modules (Mathematical Logic, Object Oriented Programming II, Professionalism and Ethics): 15 credits.</li> <li>• Elective Mathematics modules: 10 credits.</li> <li>• Elective Sciences modules: 10 credits.</li> <li>• Elective Computing modules: 20 credits.</li> <li>• FMI elective module: 5 credits.</li> </ul> |  | foreign customers. Programme satisfies criteria for accrediting Software Engineering study programmes in Europe and USA. A wide list of elective modules and flexible choice of options enable specialization. Those, wishing find a job according to their specialty, easily do this still during study period. |
|--|--|--|

| Admission requirements   | Specific arrangements for recognition of prior learning          |
|--|--|
| At least a twelve-year secondary or its equivalent education is required. The general criterion for admission is competition grade which is composed from results of maturity exams/yearly grades of subjects important for study programme (including information technologies) according to the procedures established by Ministry of Education and Science and/or Vilnius University (the list of subjects and their weights in the competition grade). | In accordance with procedures established at Vilnius University. |

| Access to further studies   |
|---|
| Studies can be continued in Master's degree programmes of Software Engineering, Informatics, Informatics engineering and other close fields in Lithuania or abroad. |

| Employability  |
|--|
| Graduates of Software Engineering study programme are ready to work as system analysts, designer, programmers in large projects based on advanced technologies and virtual enterprises and after gathering some more experience as project managers for private or public Lithuanian and foreign enterprises. They are able to establish private IT enterprise, to lead small teams, to learn independently new methods and technologies and apply them in practice. |

| Learning and teaching approaches   | Assessment methods  |
|--|---|
| Lectures, problem-oriented teaching, case analysis, team projects, seminars, discussions, laboratory works, self-studies, individual coaching, research work, preparation of final work. | Student's knowledge and general performance are evaluated using grading scale from 1 (very poor) to 10 (excellent). Usually accumulative grades are applied as well. Matters evaluated: home and laboratory work assignments, their defense, oral and written presentations, projects and their defense, research work and its defense. Final assessment of modules – examination (open, semi-open and closed-ended questions and tasks). Course works, project works, BA thesis, team projects and results of professional practice are defended in front of a commission. |

| Generic competences |                                 | Programme learning outcomes |   |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1.                  | Communication and collaboration | 1.1.                        | An ability to present, information, ideas, problems, and suggested solutions convincingly in official and second (foreign) language for specialists and non-specialists in written and verbal form. |
|                     |                                 | 1.2.                        | An ability to function effectively on multidisciplinary teams to accomplish a common goal.  |
|                     |                                 | 1.3                         | An ability to organise their own work independently.  |
| 2.                  | Life-long learning              | 2.1.                        | Recognition of the need for, and engagement in life-long learning.  |

<sup>1</sup> Instead of these modules student could select Minor studies - *Organizational arrangements for Minor studies* approved by Vilnius University Senate Committee resolution No. SK-2012-12-12 of 21 June 2012. Internet access: <http://www.vu.lt/lt/studijos/studiju-procesas/gretutines-studijos/45-studijos/studijos/2581-gretutiniu-studiju-organizavimo-tvarka> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].

|                                     |  |                                    |   |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---|
|                                     |  | <b>2.2.</b>                        | An ability to undertake literature searches and analysis, and to use data bases and other sources of information.   |
|                                     |  | <b>2.3.</b>                        | An ability independently to acquire new knowledge, methodologies, and tools and to apply them in practice.  |
| <b>3.</b>                           | Social responsibility  | <b>3.1.</b>                        | An understanding of professional and ethical responsibility.  |
|                                     |  | <b>3.2.</b>                        | An ability to analyse the economic, social, ethical, and legal impact of engineering solutions on individuals, organizations, and society.  |
| <b>Subject-specific competences</b> |  | <b>Programme learning outcomes</b> |   |
| <b>4.</b>                           | Knowledge and skills of underlying conceptual basis                            | <b>4.1.</b>                        | Knowledge and understanding of the key aspects and concepts of software engineering, including some at the forefront of the discipline, insight into possible application fields, and an awareness of the wider spectrum of the discipline. |
|                                     |  | <b>4.2.</b>                        | An ability to apply mathematical foundations, knowledge of science and engineering, computer science theory, and algorithmic principles in software systems development.  |
|                                     |  | <b>4.3.</b>                        | An ability to reason at abstract level, to use formal notation, to prove the correctness, and to apply formalisation and specification for real-world problems.   |
| <b>5.</b>                           | Software development knowledge and skills                                      | <b>5.1.</b>                        | An ability to become familiar with new software engineering applications, to appreciate the extent of domain knowledge, to evaluate the complexity of the problems and the feasibility of their solution.                                   |
|                                     |  | <b>5.2.</b>                        | An ability to analyse a problem, identify needs and define the computing requirements appropriate to its solution.  |
|                                     |  | <b>5.3.</b>                        | An ability to design, implement, and evaluate a computer-based system, process, component, or service to meet desired needs.  |
|                                     |  | <b>5.4.</b>                        | An ability to select the software life cycle suitable for building new, and maintaining and commissioning existing, software systems.   |
| <b>6.</b>                           | Technological and methodological knowledge and skills, professional competence | <b>6.1.</b>                        | An ability to combine theory and practice to complete software engineering tasks from different application areas while taking into account the existing technical, economical and social context.  |
|                                     |  | <b>6.2.</b>                        | An ability to select and use appropriate current techniques, models, solution patterns, skills, and tools necessary for software engineering practice involving emerging application areas.   |
|                                     |  | <b>6.3.</b>                        | An ability to use existing hardware, software and application systems, to identify, understand and apply the promising technologies.  |
|                                     |  | <b>6.4.</b>                        | An ability to plan, design and conduct experiments and other appropriate practical investigations (e.g. of system performance), as well as to analyse and interpret data.   |
|                                     |  | <b>6.5.</b>                        | An ability to formulate acceptable, cost-effective and time-efficient problem solutions using essential knowledge and methods of estimating and measuring cost and productivity.  |
|                                     |  | <b>6.6.</b>                        | Awareness of project management, quality assurance, and process improvement practices and abilities to apply them.  |

These competences and learning outcomes have been formulated based on the long experience of Informatics (more than 30 years) and Software Engineering (12 years) studies in Vilnius University; bachelor study programmes of Software Engineering at universities in other countries; research on Software Engineering studies and projects on study programs definition [1,2]; demands of IT companies [3] and analysis of prerequisites for IT products and services export; recommendations of world leading professional organizations ACM/IEEE [4,5]; and criteria for accrediting Software Engineering study programmes in Europe [6] and USA [7, 8].

1. A. Mitašiūnas and other. Informatics studies description, Vilnius, 2012. /in Lithuanian/ Internet access: <[http://www.mii.lt/files/informatikos\\_ska\\_galutinis\\_2012\\_03\\_10.pdf](http://www.mii.lt/files/informatikos_ska_galutinis_2012_03_10.pdf)> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].
2. L. Bukauskas and other. Methodology for competences development in Informatics studies. Vilnius University, Vilnius, 2011, ISBN 978-9955-526-78-0. /in Lithuanian/ Internet access: <[http://www.ects.cr.vu.lt/Files/File/ECTS\\_informatika.pdf](http://www.ects.cr.vu.lt/Files/File/ECTS_informatika.pdf)> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].
3. A. Poviliūnas and other. Results of Informatics professional field research: guidelines for study programmes updating. Vilnius, 2010. /in Lithuanian/ Internet access: <<http://www.ects.cr.vu.lt/Files/File/Informatikos%20technine%20ataskaita.pdf>> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].

4. Guide to the Software Engineering Body of Knowledge (Eds.: A. Abran, J.W. Moore), IEEE Computer Society, 2004. Internet access: <<http://www.computer.org/portal/web/swebok/htmlformat>> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].
5. Computing Curricula 2005. The Overview Report. The Joint Task Force for Computing Curricula 2005. A cooperative project of The Association for Computing Machinery (ACM), The Association for Information Systems (AIS), The Computer Society (IEEE-CS). ACM and IEEE. 2006. Internet access: <[http://www.acm.org/education/education/curric\\_vols/CC2005-March06Final.pdf](http://www.acm.org/education/education/curric_vols/CC2005-March06Final.pdf)> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].
6. Euro-Inf Framework Standards and Accreditation Criteria. EQANIE, 2011. Internet access: <<http://www.eqanie.eu/media/Quality%20Label/Euro-Inf%20Framework%20Standards%20and%20Accreditation%20Criteria%20V2011-06-29.pdf>> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].
7. Criteria for Accrediting Computing Programs 2013 - 2014 Accreditation Cycle. ABET Computing Accreditation Commission, 2012. Internet access: <[http://www.abet.org/uploadedFiles/Accreditation/Accreditation\\_Step\\_by\\_Step/Accreditation\\_Documents/Current/2013\\_-\\_2014/cac-criteria-2013-2014.pdf](http://www.abet.org/uploadedFiles/Accreditation/Accreditation_Step_by_Step/Accreditation_Documents/Current/2013_-_2014/cac-criteria-2013-2014.pdf)> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].
8. Criteria for Accrediting Engineering Programs 2013 - 2014. ABET Engineering Accreditation Commission, 2012. Internet access: <[http://www.abet.org/uploadedFiles/Accreditation/Accreditation\\_Step\\_by\\_Step/Accreditation\\_Documents/Current/2013\\_-\\_2014/eac-criteria-2013-2014.pdf](http://www.abet.org/uploadedFiles/Accreditation/Accreditation_Step_by_Step/Accreditation_Documents/Current/2013_-_2014/eac-criteria-2013-2014.pdf)> [Accessed: 30-05-2013].

The quality of the study programme is ensured by the programme Committee which estimates specific means for observation of the study programme quality and development. At the end of every semester the study programme Committee arranges a students' opinion survey which is meant to estimate the quality of the study programme to foresee the means of the programme development. The study Committee includes at least one social partner which represents the business sector. The Committee of the study programme also includes a students' representative, with observer's rights, which is proposed by the Students' Representation. The study programme Committee regularly meets with the most important employers of the study programme graduates; possible ways of developing the study programme are discussed during the meetings, and the statistical data about the study programme graduates' placement is collected as well.

The Department of Software Engineering is responsible for implementation of the study programme. The activity of the study programme Committee is regularly (once a year) considered by the Council of the Faculty Mathematics and Informatics.







|       |  |   |     |    |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |
|-------|--|---|-----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| 5,7   | Introduction to Business Process Management    | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  | X |   |   | X | X | X |   |   |   |   | X | X | X |   |   | X |   |   | X |   | X |  |
| 5,6,7 | Artificial Intelligence                        | 5 | 130 | 69 | 61  | X |   |   |   | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |   |   | X | X | X | X | X |   |  |
| 5,6,7 | Financial Intelligence                         | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  | X |   | X |   |   | X |   |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 5,6,7 | Foundations of Electronic Commerce             | 5 | 130 | 68 | 62  | X |   |   |   | X |   |   | X |   | X |   | X |   | X | X | X |   | X | X | X |   |  |
| 5,6,7 | Oracle PL/SQL Programming                      | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  |   |   |   |   |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   | X | X |   | X | X | X |   |   |   |  |
| 6     | Operating Systems                              | 5 | 130 | 68 | 62  |   | X | X | X |   | X |   |   |   | X | X |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | X |   |  |
| 6     | Computer Technology                            | 5 | 130 | 72 | 58  |   | X |   | X |   |   |   |   |   | X |   |   | X | X |   | X |   | X |   |   |   |  |
| 6     | Geographic Information Systems                 | 5 | 130 | 68 | 62  |   |   |   |   | X | X | X |   | X | X |   | X | X | X |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |  |
| 6     | Advanced Topics in Database Management Systems | 5 | 130 | 68 | 62  | X |   | X |   |   | X |   |   |   | X | X |   |   | X |   |   |   |   | X |   |   |  |
| 6     | Computer Networks for Professionals I          | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  | X |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |   |  |
| 6     | Programming in Python                          | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  |   |   |   |   | X | X |   |   | X | X |   |   |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 6,7   | Computational Intelligence and Decision Making | 5 | 130 | 68 | 62  | X |   |   |   |   | X |   |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |   |   |  |
| 7     | Information Systems                            | 5 | 130 | 69 | 61  | X | X |   |   |   | X |   | X |   | X |   | X | X |   |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |  |
| 7     | CASE Method                                    | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  |   |   |   |   |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   | X | X |   | X | X | X |   |   |   |  |
| 7     | Computer Networks for Professionals II         | 5 | 130 | 66 | 64  | X |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |   | X |   |   |   |   |   | X |   | X |   |   |   |  |
| 7     | Project Work                                   | 5 | 130 | 10 | 120 | X |   | X | X | X | X |   |   | X | X | X | X |   |   |   | X | X | X | X | X | X |  |